

CHAPTER II. ANIMAL CONTROL AND REGULATION

Article 1. General Provisions

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ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

2-101. DEFINITIONS. For the purposes of this chapter, the following words and phrases shall mean:

(a) Abandon includes the leaving of an animal by its owner or other person responsible for its care or custody without making effective provisions for its proper care.

(b) Animals means all vertebrate and invertebrate animals such as but not limited to bovine cattle, horses and other equines, hogs, goats, dogs, cats, rabbits, sheep, chickens, ducks, geese, turkeys, pigeons, and other fowl or wild animals, reptiles, fish, bees or birds that have been tamed, domesticated or captivated.

(c) Animal Shelter means the facility or facilities operated by the city or its authorized agents for the purpose of impounding or caring for animals under the authority of this chapter or state law.

(d) At-large means to be outside of a fence or other enclosure which restrains the animals to a particular premise or not under the control, by leash or lead, of the owner or other authorized person capable of restraining the animal. Animals tethered to a stationary object within range of public thoroughfares are deemed to be at-large.

(e) Bite means any actual or suspected abrasion, scratch, puncture, tear, bruise, or piercing of the skin, caused by any animal, which is actually or suspected of being contaminated or inoculated with the saliva from the animal, directly or indirectly, regardless of the health of the animal causing such bite.

(f) Cat means any member of the species felis catus, regardless of sex.

(g) Dangerous or Vicious Animal means any animal deemed to be dangerous or vicious per section 2-115.

(h) Dog means any member of the species canis familiaris, regardless of sex.

(i) Fowl means all animals that are included in the zoological class aves, which shall include, but not limited to, chickens, ducks, geese, turkeys, guineas and pigeons.

(j) Harbor means any person who shall allow any animals to habitually remain or lodge or to be fed within his or her home, store, yard, enclosure or place of business or any other premises where he or she resides or controls.

(k) Humane Live Animal Trap means any cage trap that upon activation encloses an animal without placing any physical restraint upon any part of the body of such animal.

(l) Humanely Euthanize means the proper injection of a substance that quickly and painlessly terminates the life of an animal, or any other method

approved by the American Veterinary Medical Association or the American Humane Society.

(m) Immediate Control means the regulation and supervision by a competent person so that an animal is unable to run or get loose at will.

(n) Kennel means any establishment, commercial or otherwise, maintained for breeding, rearing, grooming, boarding, or otherwise harboring in an enclosure in one location only, more than five dogs.

(o) Livestock includes, but is not limited to cattle, horses, goats, sheep or other animals commonly regarded or used as farm or ranch animals.

(p) Neutered means any male or female cat or dog that has been permanently rendered sterile.

(q) Own means and includes own, keep, harbor, shelter, manage, possess, or have a part interest in any animal. If a minor owns any such animal subject to the provisions of this chapter, the head of the household of which such minor is a member shall be deemed to own such animal for the purposes of this chapter.

(r) Owner means the one who owns, or his or her employee, agent, or other competent person into whose charge an animal has been placed by the actual owner as described in subsection (q) above.

(s) Vaccination means an injection of a vaccine, approved by the State Board of Public Health and administered by a licensed veterinarian for the purpose of immunizing an animal against rabies.

(t) Veterinarian means a doctor of veterinary medicine licensed by the State of Kansas.

(Code 1999)

2-102. **ANIMAL CONTROL OFFICER; DUTY TO IMPOUND; CITATION ALTERNATIVE.** (a) There is hereby created the position of animal control officer for the city and such officer shall be charged with the enforcement of this chapter. Any person employed by the city as an animal control officer and commissioned by the chief of police of the city shall have such powers and authority as allowed by law in the enforcement of this chapter. All animal control officers shall be subject to the supervision and direction of the chief of police of the city.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), it shall be the duty of the animal control officer to take up and impound all animals found in the city in violation of the provisions of this chapter.

(c) As an alternative to the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, any law enforcement officer or the animal control officer may issue a citation to the owner, harbinger or keeper of an animal in violation of this chapter, and the person receiving the citation shall, within 10 days, appear in the municipal court of the city to answer the charged violation of this chapter.

(Code 1999)

2-103. **SAME; CAPTURE/DESTRUCTION.** When deemed necessary by law enforcement officers or the animal control officer for the health, safety and welfare of the residents of the city, such officers and/or their agents may:

(a) Place a humane trap on public or a requesting resident's property for the purpose of capturing any animal defined in this chapter as creating a nuisance in the city;

(b) Use any tranquilizer guns, humane traps, or other suitable devices to subdue and capture any animal that is deemed by the animal control officer, in his or her discretion, to be of a danger to itself or to the public health and safety.

(c) Use firearms or other suitable weapons to destroy any rabid animal, any vicious animal as defined in section 2-115, or any animal creating a nuisance as defined in section 2-111, where such animal is impossible or impractical to catch, capture or tranquilize.
(Code 1999)

2-104. SAME; RIGHT OF ENTRY; UNLAWFUL INTERFERENCE. (a) The animal control officer or any law enforcement officer shall have the right of entry upon any private unenclosed lots or lands for the purpose of collecting any animal whose presence thereupon is a violation of this chapter.

(b) It shall be unlawful for any person to interfere with the animal control officer in the exercise of his or her duties.
(Code 1999)

2-105. MUNICIPAL POUND ESTABLISHED. A municipal pound shall be established to carry out the provisions of this chapter. Such a pound may be operated by a contractor and all services required herein may be provided by a contractor. When so contracted, the pound shall have the following services and facilities as a minimum:

(a) Adequate pickup and impounding of all stray and ownerless dogs and cats and animals otherwise in violation of the provisions of this chapter.

(b) Group holding facilities for stray, ownerless and unvaccinated animals impounded for violation of the provisions of this chapter.

(c) Individual isolation facilities for sick, biting, rabid and suspected rabid animals.

(d) Facilities for the humane destruction of animals.
(Code 1999)

2-106. BREAKING POUND. (a) It shall be unlawful for any unauthorized person to open, unlock, break open or attempt to break open the pound, or to take or let out any animal placed therein, or take or attempt to take from an authorized officer of this city any animal taken up by him or her under the provisions of this chapter, or in any manner interfere with or hinder any authorized officer or employee of this city in catching, taking up, or impounding any animal.

(b) It shall be unlawful for any person or persons, other than those duly authorized, to care for, feed, attempt to feed, or interfere in any way with the care of impounded animals.
(Code 1999)

2-107. CRUELTY TO ANIMALS. It shall be unlawful for any person to:

(a) Willfully or maliciously kill, maim, disfigure, torture; beat with a stick, chain, club or other object; mutilate, poison, burn or scald with any substance; or otherwise cruelly set upon any animals, except that reasonable force may be employed to drive off vicious animals;

(b) Drive or work any animal cruelly or cruelly work any maimed, mutilated, infirm, sick or disabled animal, or cause, allow or permit the same to be done;

NO CITY
POUND -
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ANIMAL
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(c) Have, keep or harbor any animal which is infected with any dangerous or incurable and/or painfully crippling condition except as provided in section 2-108.

(d) Sell or offer for sale, barter, give away, or use as an advertising device or promotional display, living baby chicks, rabbits, ducklings or other fowl under two months of age in any quantity less than 12; or to sell, offer for sale, barter, give away, or display animals or fowls as specified in this section which have been dyed, colored or otherwise treated so as to impart to them an artificial or unnatural color. This section shall not be construed to prohibit the sale of animals or fowls as specified in this subsection, in proper facilities, by hatcheries or persons engaged in raising and selling such animals and fowls for recognized animal husbandry purposes;

(e) Promote, stage, hold, manage, or in any way conduct any game, exhibition, contest or fight in which one or more animals are engaged for the purpose of injuring, killing, maiming, or destroying themselves or any other animal;

(f) Neglect or refuse to supply such animal with necessary and adequate care, food, drink, air, light, space, shelter or protection from the elements as necessary for health and well-being of such kind of animal.

(g) Abandon or leave any animal in any place without making provisions for its proper care;

(h) These provisions shall not apply to the exceptions sanctioned under section 2-108.

In addition to the penalties provided in section 1-116 of this code, the municipal court judge may order a person convicted of violation under this section to turn the animal involved over to a designated humane society. All such animals taken by the designated agency may be placed with another or more suitable person or destroyed humanely as soon thereafter as is conveniently possible. (Code 1949, 1-201:202; Code 1999)

2-108. SAME; EXCEPTIONS. The provisions of section 2-107 shall not apply to:

(a) Normal or accepted veterinary or veterinary hospital practices or treatment of animals under active veterinary care;

(b) Bona fide experiments carried on by commonly recognized research facilities;

(c) Killing, attempting to kill, trapping, catching or taking of any animal in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 32 or Chapter 47 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated;

(d) Rodeo practices accepted by the rodeo cowboys' association;

(e) The humane killing of an animal which is diseased or disabled beyond recovery for any useful purpose, or the humane killing of animals for population control, by the owner thereof or by an authorized agent such as a licensed veterinarian, at the request of the owner;

(f) The humane killing of an animal by the animal control officer, a public health officer or a law enforcement officer in the performance of his or her official duty;

(g) The humane killing of an unclaimed animal after three full business days following the receipt of such animal at a municipal pound or an incorporated

humane society shelter by the owner, operator or authorized agents of such establishments.
(Code 1999)

2-109. KEEPING ANIMALS. It shall be unlawful for the owner, lessee, occupant or person in charge of any premises in the city to possess and maintain any animal or fowl within the city or permit to be maintained thereon any stable, shed, pen or other place where horses, mules, cattle, sheep, goats or swine, or undomesticated animals are kept. This provision shall not apply to:

(a) The maintaining of a stockyard or sales barn for the loading, unloading, temporary detention and sale of such livestock, if the location of such stockyard or sales barn does not otherwise violate the zoning ordinances of the city;

(b) The maintaining of dogs which are regulated by Article 2 of this chapter;

(c) The maintaining of non-poisonous and non-vicious animals and fowl which are commonly kept as household pets, such as cats, hamsters, rabbits, parakeets, and comparable animals, when kept as household pets and in a safe and sanitary manner in accordance with section 2-113 of this chapter;

(d) The transporting of animals through the city by ordinary and customary means.

(Code 1949, 1-303:304; Code 1999)

2-110. ANIMAL TRAPS. It shall be unlawful for any person to use, place, set out, or deploy any animal trap aboveground, which makes use of a spring gun, spring jaws, clamping devices, cutting or stabbing mechanism or any other devices that will damage or severely injure any animal when caught or trapped by the device or trap; except that nothing herein contained shall prohibit the use of animal traps that are so designed to trap and hold animals without injuring the animals. (Code 1999)

2-111. NUISANCE; ANIMAL ACTIVITIES PROHIBITED. It shall be unlawful for the owner of any animal to keep or maintain such animal in the city so as to constitute a nuisance. For the purpose of this section, nuisance is defined as any animal which:

(a) Molests or interferes with persons in the public right-of-way;

(b) Attacks or injures persons, or other domestic animals;

(c) Damages public or private property other than that of its owner or harbinger by its activities or with its excrement;

(d) Scatters refuse that is bagged or otherwise contained;

(e) Causes any condition which threatens or endangers the health or well-being of persons or other animals.

If a summons is issued charging violation of this provision, a subpoena shall also be issued to the complainant to testify to the nuisance under oath. (Code 1999)

2-112. NOISY ANIMALS. The keeping, or harboring of any animal which by loud, frequent and habitual barking, howling, yelping, mewing, roaring or screeching shall disturb the peace of any neighborhood is hereby prohibited. It shall be the duty of any person harboring or keeping such loud or noisy animal or animals to abate the

condition, and if he or she fails to do so, the city may abate it by taking up, impounding and/or disposing of the animal at the expense of the owner. (Code 1999)

2-113. ANIMAL CONFINES; SHELTERS. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to keep or maintain any animal in any yard, structure or area that is not clean, dry and sanitary, free from debris and offensive odors that annoy any neighbor, and devoid of rodents and vermin.

(b) Excrement shall be removed at least once each week from any animal shelter, pen or yard area where animals are kept, or more often if necessary to prevent or control odors, fly breeding, or rodent infestation. If excrement is stored on the premises by any animal owner, it shall be stored in adequate containers with fly-tight lids, and all such stored or accumulated wastes shall be disposed of at least once each week.

(c) All animal shelters, pens and yards shall be so located that adequate drainage is obtained, normal drying occurs, and standing water is not present.

(d) All animal shelters and board fences confining animals shall be maintained in good repair, and all animal shelters and board fences confining animals subject to residential and commercial classification shall be protected from deterioration by painting or comparable treatment.

(e) Barbed wire fences and electrically charged fences shall not be permitted for animal confines except on properties for which an agricultural classification permit is held or where the barbed wire fence or electrically charge fence is protected by an exterior fence.

(f) All premises on which animals are kept shall be subject to inspection by the animal control officer, duly authorized law enforcement officer, or public health official. If the officer or official determines from such inspection that the premises are not being maintained in a clean and sanitary manner, he or she shall notify the owner of the animals in writing to correct the sanitation deficiencies within 24 hours after notice is served on the owner. Any animal kept under any condition which could endanger the public or animal health or create a health nuisance may be impounded. Animals shall be released after fees are paid and cause for impoundment has been corrected.

(Code 1999)

2-113A. SAME; STOCKYARDS; COMMERCIAL HOLDING PENS. Animal shelters owned or operated as a stockyard or commercial holding pen shall be adequately maintained and cleaned as often as is necessary, as determined by the health officer, to control fly breeding or to control other conditions adversely affecting the public health including the following:

(a) Collected fecal material and other solid organic waste shall be disposed of at a sanitary landfill, fertilizer processing plant, or by proper dispersal on land used for agricultural purposes.

(b) Grain or protein feed shall be stored in tightly covered rodent-proof metal containers or rodent-proof bins.

(c) Premises subject to the terms of this section shall be maintained free of rodent harborage and in accordance with sections 8-601:608 of this code.

(d) Wherever reasonable, use shall be made of anti-coagulant rodenticides for the control of rodents and organo-phosphorus insecticides for the control of flies or any other effective chemical means for the control of rodents and flies.

(e) Wherever reasonable, use shall be made of soil sterilants and herbicides or other effective means for the control of weeds and grass around structures and buildings.

(f) Enclosures including fences where animals such as horses, cows, sheep and goats are maintained shall be constructed in a manner, using dimension lumber materials, or other effective means to prevent such animals from breaking out or causing hazard to persons or property.

(g) The solid wastes accumulated from the cleaning of animal shelters and holding pens maintained by persons subject to a residential classification permit as herein provided shall be stored in metal containers, with tight-fitting metal lids, and all such stored or accumulated wastes shall be disposed of at least once each week.

(h) Holding lots, pens and floors of sheds and buildings where animals are held and which are maintained by persons subject to a commercial, industrial or agricultural classification permit according to the terms of this chapter shall be surfaced with concrete or asphaltic materials and that the drainage system of such surfaced areas shall include proper retaining walls and traps to control the waste from draining into watercourses and such drainage system shall be subject to the approval of the health officer. The health officer shall waive this standard for domestic animal holding operations where such animal holding is longer than 24 hours for any domestic animal involved or where dirt lots are more appropriate to the proper care of cattle, horses or sheep.

(i) Solid wastes accumulated from the cleaning of animal shelters and holding pens maintained by persons subject to a commercial, industrial or agricultural permit according to the terms of this chapter shall be stored on concrete slabs or other facilities, such as dirt lots on which is stockpiled manure with an exposed perimeter as approved by the health officer; provided that all solid waste shall be properly disposed of at least once each week or as may be approved by the health officer.

(Code 1999)

2-114. **DEATH OF ANIMALS.** All dead animals shall be disposed of by the owner or keepers within 24 hours of the animal's death, by burial, incineration in a facility approved by the animal control officer, by rendering or by other lawful means approved by the animal control officer. No dead animal shall be dumped on any public or private property. (Code 1999)

2-115. **VICIOUS ANIMALS.** (a) Prohibited: It shall be unlawful for any person to keep, possess or harbor a vicious animal within the city. Impoundment of animals whose owners have been cited for violation of this section shall be at the discretion of the animal control officer. If the animal presents a clear and present danger to the public health or safety, it shall be the duty of the animal control officer or his or her agent to impound such animal.

(b) Defined: For purposes of this chapter a vicious animal shall include:

(1) Any animal with a known propensity, tendency or disposition to attack unprovoked, to cause injury or to otherwise endanger the safety of human beings or domestic animals; or

(2) Any animal which attacks a human being or domestic animal without provocation;

(3) Any animal owned or harbored primarily or in part for the purpose of fighting or any animal trained for fighting;

(4) Any animal which is urged by its owner or harborer to attack, or whose owner or harborer threatens to provoke such animal to attack, any law enforcement officer while such officer is engaged in the performance of official duty.

(c) Complaint: Whenever a sworn complaint is filed in the municipal court against the owner of an animal alleging that such animal is vicious and in violation of this section, the municipal judge shall hold a hearing to determine whether or not the animal is vicious within the meaning of this section and thereby in violation of this section. The owner of the animal shall be notified in writing of the time and place of the hearing at least one week prior to the hearing. In making a determination, the municipal judge shall consider the following:

(1) The seriousness of the attack or bite;

(2) Past history of attacks or bites;

(3) Likelihood of attacks or bites in the future;

(4) The condition and circumstances under which the animal is kept or confined;

(5) Other factors which may reasonably relate to the determination of whether or not the animal is vicious.

The municipal judge shall order the impoundment, the muzzling in accordance with subsection (d) and/or the confinement of the animal accused of being in violation of this section in a manner and location that will insure that it is no threat to persons or other animals pending the outcome of the hearing. If such impoundment, muzzling or otherwise safe confinement is not possible or if prior court orders to restrain such animal have gone unheeded, the municipal judge may order the animal immediately destroyed.

(d) Vicious Dogs to be Muzzled: It shall be the duty of every owner, keeper or harborer of any dog in the city, which dog is vicious or has been known to bite, chase, or run after any person or animal in the streets, alleys, or any public place in the city, to keep the same muzzled with a good and sufficient wire or leather muzzle, securely fastened so as to wholly prevent such dog from biting any animal or person until such time as a determination has been made by the court as to whether the dog is vicious or not. Any person owning, keeping or harboring any dog within the city limits contrary to this section shall be guilty of a violation of this code.

(e) Immediate Destruction: Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prevent the animal control officer or any law enforcement officer from taking whatever action is reasonably necessary to protect himself or herself or members of the public from injury or danger, including immediate destruction of any vicious animal without notice to the owner.

(f) Release of: If a complaint has been filed in the municipal court against the owner of an impounded animal for a charge under this section, the animal shall not be released except on the order of the municipal judge, who may also direct the owner to pay all impounding fees in addition to any penalties for violation of this

chapter. The municipal judge may, upon making a finding that an animal is vicious or that it represents a clear and present danger to the citizens or to other animals in the community, order the animal to be destroyed in a humane manner by the animal shelter. Surrender of an animal by the owner thereof to the animal control officer does not relieve or render the owner immune from the decision of the court, nor to the fees and fines which may result from a violation of this section. (Code 1999)

2-116. FASTENING ANIMALS. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to leave standing in any street, avenue or alley, or in any vacant lot or space of ground within the corporate limits of this city, any horse, mule, or team of any kind without such animal being securely fastened by the head or neck to some permanent object or weight attached to the bit, the weight weighing not less than 25 pounds. (Code 1949, 1-301)

2-117. RUNNING AT LARGE. It shall be unlawful for any person to willfully allow any animal or fowl under his or her control to be or to run at large within the city. Any animal or fowl found at large shall be impounded as provided in section 2-115 or 2-207 (dogs). (Code 1999)

2-118. IMPOUNDMENT; FEE; NOTICE; RECORD. (a) The animal control officer or law enforcement officer shall impound any animal or fowl found at large in the city or constituting a nuisance or otherwise in violation of this chapter in a suitable pound or enclosure provided or contracted for by the city. The impounding officer shall make diligent inquiry as to the owner of the animal and shall notify the owner thereof of such impoundment as soon as reasonably possible.

(b) The city shall be entitled to receive from such owner an impoundment fee of \$0 plus the actual cost of feeding and maintaining the animal while impounded.

(c) In case the identity of the owner of the impounded animal or fowl cannot be ascertained, the animal control officer or police officer shall, upon taking any such animal into custody and impounding the same, make a record thereof, with a description of the animal and the date and place taken into custody and the place of impounding, and shall thereupon immediately post a public notice stating that the animal, describing the same with the date and place of taking, has been taken up, and that unless the charges of impounding the same, together with any license fees due and unpaid, are paid within three business days from the date of the notice, that the animal will be disposed of as provided in this code.

(d) The animal control officer shall each month submit a report to the governing body showing the number of animals impounded and disposed of, and the fees collected pursuant to this article and shall pay those fees to the city clerk for credit to the general operating fund. (Code 1999)

2-119. REDEMPTION OF IMPOUNDED ANIMALS. At any time before the sale or destruction of any animal impounded under the provisions of this article, except for animals impounded under sections 2-115 (vicious) and 2-119 (rabid), the owner thereof may redeem the animal by paying the animal control officer or any person in charge, the impounding fee and all costs incurred as a result of such impoundment. (Code 1999)

2-120.

IMPOUNDMENT OF RABIES SUSPECTS. (a) Any law enforcement officer or local health officer may take up, upon private or public property, any animal which has bitten or scratched a person or other animal and impound the animal in the city pound, securely penned and separated from other animals, or in a veterinary hospital or animal care facility for a period of not more than 30 days during which time the local health officer shall determine whether or not such animal is suffering from a disease and, if not, the local health officer shall authorize the release of the animal upon payment by the owner of the boarding fee therefore. The health officer may authorize the keeping of any such animal on the owner's premises if the owner produces a rabies vaccination certificate showing that the animal has valid rabies vaccination protection. Impoundment costs shall be borne by the owner. If in the opinion of the local health officer symptoms develop justifying a microscopic examination, then the animal shall be killed and examination made by the state board of health.

(b) In lieu of the provisions of subsection (a), the owner of any such animal may, at his or her own expense, take such animal to any duly qualified and licensed veterinarian in the city for observation. Such veterinarian shall report his or her findings in writing to the local health officer. If in the opinion of such veterinarian a microscopic examination is justified, then the animal shall be turned over to the animal control officer or any law enforcement officer to be killed and examination made by the state board of health.

(c) Any animal desired for observation by the local health officer under this section shall be delivered to the animal control officer or any law enforcement officer upon demand and shall not be withheld, hidden or harbored. Any person violating this provision shall be guilty of a violation of this code. Upon refusal of any person to so deliver such animal, the municipal judge shall cause a warrant to be issued for the arrest of such person, which warrant shall also provide for the surrender of the animal and shall be lawful authority for the apprehending and forcible taking of such animal.

(Code 1999)

2-121.

ANIMALS BITTEN BY RABID ANIMALS. Whenever a dog, cat or other animal is bitten by a rabid animal or an animal later proved to have been rabid, it shall be the duty of the owner of the animal that is bitten, to report that fact to the local health officer and/or the police department. It shall also be the duty of the owner of the bitten animal to either destroy or have his or her bitten animal destroyed unless:

(a) The animal which was bitten had been vaccinated against rabies at least three weeks before being bitten and has a current vaccination; and

(b) If the bitten animal has a current vaccination, it shall be confined for 90 days; and

(c) The bitten animal shall be released from confinement only upon written order from the local health officer, who declares the animal to be free of rabies; and

(d) If the animal is found to have contracted rabies during confinement, it shall be properly disposed of.

(Code 1999)

2-122.

VEHICULAR ACCIDENTS INVOLVING ANIMALS. Any person who as the operator of a motor vehicle strikes any animal shall stop at once and shall

immediately report such injury or death to the owner of such animal, or in the event that the owner cannot be ascertained, and located, the operator shall at once report the accident to the animal control officer or any law enforcement officer. (Code 1999)

2-123. **EMERGENCY; PROCLAMATION.** The mayor with the consent of the council is hereby authorized whenever in his or her opinion the danger to the public safety from rabid animals is made imminent to issue a proclamation ordering all persons owning any animal in the city to confine the animal in a good and sufficient enclosure from which the animal cannot escape, or fasten such animal by means of a chain on the premises where the owner may reside, for such time as may be specified in such proclamation. Any animal not confined during such time may be disposed of wherever found by any police officer, or the animal control officer of the city. The owner of such animal shall be prosecuted for such violation thereof. (Code 1999)

2-124. **KENNELS PROHIBITED.** It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to keep, operate, maintain, or own a dog kennel within the city limits. For purposes of this section, a dog kennel shall be defined as any place or facility where five or more dogs are regularly kept. (Code 1999)

ARTICLE 2 DOGS

ARTICLE 2 DOGS

2-201 RUNNING AT LARGE; FINE

- a) It shall be unlawful for the owner or harborer of any dog to permit such dog to run at large within the city at any time;
- b) Any dog running at large within the city shall be impounded as set out in section 2-202;
- c) The owner of any dog impounded for running at large shall, for the first offense, pay a fine of \$50 plus the board bill; for the second offense within one year period, the owner or harborer shall pay a fine of \$100 plus the board bill. For a third and all subsequent offenses within a one year period, the owner or harborer shall pay a fine of \$150 plus the cost of the board bill.

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2-202 IMPOUNDMENT; RECORD; NOTICE; REDEMPTION; MINIMUM FEE

- a) Any dog found in violations of the provisions of this article shall be subject to impoundment by the city.
- b) A record of all dogs impounded shall be kept by the city containing the following information: color, sex, weight, height, identifying marks, registration number (if any) and the date of impoundment.
- c) If the dog impounded has a current registration tag attached to its collar or if the impounding officer knows the identity of the dog's owner, the owner of such dog, as shown by the records of the city clerk shall be notified in writing as soon as possible or at least 24 hours before such dog is disposed of by destruction or sale. If, at the end of five days the city clerk has been unable to locate the owner, or the owner, upon having been located, refuses to claim or redeem said dog, then the dog may be sold, euthanized or otherwise disposed of.

(d) If the dog impounded has no current registration tag and the identity of the animal's owner is unknown to the animal control officer or the impounding law enforcement officer then such impounding officer shall, upon taking any such animal into custody and impounding the same, make a record thereof, with a description of the animal and the date and place taken into custody and the place of impounding, and shall thereupon immediately post a public notice stating that the animal, describing the same with the date and place of taking, has been taken up, and that unless the charges of impounding the same, together with any license fees due and unpaid, are paid within three business days from the date of the notice, that the animal will be disposed of as provided in this code. If within three full business days the owner does not appear to claim the dog, then the dog may be sold, euthanized or otherwise disposed of.

(e) If at any time before the sale or destruction of any dog impounded under the provisions of this article, the owner of an impounded dog does appear and redeem the dog, it shall be turned over to the person claiming it upon payment of any impoundment fees or penalties plus the actual costs of impoundment, and upon compliance with the registration provisions of this article. This subsection shall not apply to any dog alleged as being vicious under section 2-115 or suspected of rabies under section 2-120 of this code.

(f) Any dog impounded may not be released without a current rabies vaccination.

(g) Impoundment hereunder shall not preclude any court from imposing and executing any fine which might otherwise be levied under this article for violation of any of the provisions thereof; nor shall impoundment be a defense in any prosecution commenced hereunder.

(h) The redemption of any dog impounded for a violation of any provision of this chapter shall be prima facie evidence of the violation of such provision by the person redeeming the dog.

(Code 1999)

2-203. **DISPOSITION OF UNCLAIMED DOGS.** If any dog is not redeemed by its owner or harbinger within the time allowed for redemption as specified in section 2-202 thereof, the animal control officer, any authorized law enforcement officer, any authorized veterinarian or any duly authorized pound personnel may destroy such dog or sell the same for the costs of impoundment and keeping, plus any registration fee due for the current year. (Code 1999)

2-204. **CONFINEMENT OF DOGS IN HEAT.** Any unspayed female dog in the stage of estrus (heat) shall be confined during such period of time in a house, building or secure enclosure, and the area of enclosure shall be so constructed that no other dog or dogs may gain voluntary access to the confined animal except for purposes of planned breeding. Any animal that is in the state of estrus (heat) and that is not properly confined, or any such animal that is creating a neighborhood nuisances, shall be removed to a boarding kennel, to a veterinary hospital or to the animal shelter. All expenses incurred as a result of the confinement shall be paid by the owner. The owner of animals removed to the animal shelter shall be charged at the rate established from time to time by the animal shelter for routine confinement. (Code 1999)

2-205. MUZZLING. Whenever the mayor shall deem it necessary for the protection and welfare of the inhabitants of the city, he or she shall issue an order requiring all dogs kept within the city to be effectively muzzled for such length of time as may be specified in the order, to prevent them from biting or injuring persons or animals. Such order shall be published in the official newspaper of the city for such period of time as the mayor may deem necessary. (Code 1999)

2-206. VISITING DOGS. Visiting dogs shall be kept under restraint by the owner thereof at all times. (Code 1999)

2-207 **REGISTRATION AND VACCINATION REQUIRED; FEE**

- a) Every owner of any dog over six months of age shall annually register with the city clerk his or her name and address with the name, sex and description of each dog owned and kept within the city. It shall be unlawful for the owner of any newly acquired dog or any dog brought into the city to fail to register such animal within 30 days from acquisition or bringing the dog into the city. It shall be unlawful for the owner of any previously registered dog to fail to maintain current registration of such dog.
- b) Upon registration, the owner shall present a current, completed certificate of immunization against rabies. No registration shall follow without evidence of this document, and it shall be unlawful for the owner of any dog over six months of age to fail to maintain effective rabies immunization of such dog.
- c) The city clerk shall collect an annual registration fee of \$2.00 for each male dog and for each female dog.
- d) The registration year shall be from January 1st through December 31st of each year. The fee shall be payable before March 1st of each year without penalty. Registration fees as enumerated above may be prorated for newly acquired dogs or for dogs owned by a person or persons moving to and establishing a home in the city during the calendar year.

2-208

DOG TAGS

It shall be the duty of the city clerk or designated agent, upon showing current rabies immunization and receipt of the registration fee hereinbefore required, to keep in a book suitable for the registration of dogs, the time of the registration, the name of the owner or keeper, the number of registration and the amount paid therefore, and shall deliver to the owner or keeper of the dog a certificate in writing, stating that the person has registered the dog and the number by which the dog is registered, and shall also deliver to the owner or keeper of the dog a tag with their registration number and the registration year thereon, which shall be, by the owner or keeper, attached to the collar to be used on the dog so registered. When any tag has become lost during the registration period, the owner of the dog may request a duplicate tag for the remainder of the registration period. When so requested, the city clerk shall, upon presentation of the registration certificate, issue a duplicate of such tag upon the payment of \$1.00 fee. It shall be unlawful for any person to take off or remove the city registration tag from any dog belonging to another, or remove the strap or collar on which the same is fastened.

2-209

SAME; COUNTERFEIT TAG

It shall be unlawful for any person to place on any dog a tag issued for any other dog or to make or use any false, forged or counterfeited tag or imitation thereof.

2-210

EVIDENCE OF VACCINATION

It shall be unlawful for the owner of any dog kept within the city to fail to display a current certificate of immunization against rabies issued by an accredited veterinarian evidencing the vaccination of such dog within two years, when requested by the animal control officer or any law enforcement officer.

Ord.478

ARTICLE 3. OTHER ANIMALS

2-301.

EXOTIC ANIMALS. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to keep, maintain or have in his or her possession or under his or her control within the city any poisonous reptile or any other dangerous wild animal or reptile, any vicious or dangerous animal or any other animal or reptile of wild, vicious or dangerous propensities.

(b) It shall be unlawful for any person to keep, maintain or have in his or her possession or under his or her control within the city any of the following animals:

- (1) All poisonous animals including rear-fang snakes.
- (2) Apes: Chimpanzees; gibbons; gorillas, orangutans; and saimangs.
- (3) Baboons.
- (4) Badgers.
- (5) Bears.
- (6) Bison.
- (7) Bobcats.
- (8) Cheetahs.
- (9) Crocodilians, 30 inches in length or more.
- (10) Constrictor snakes, six feet in length or more.
- (11) Coyotes.
- (12) Deer; includes all members of the deer family, for example, white-tailed deer, elk, antelope and moose.
- (13) Elephants.
- (14) Game cocks and other fighting birds.
- (15) Hippopotami.
- (16) Hyenas.
- (17) Jaguars.
- (18) Leopards.
- (19) Lions.
- (20) Lynxes.
- (21) Monkeys.
- (22) Ostriches.
- (23) Pumas; also known as cougars, mountain lions and panthers.
- (24) Raccoons.
- (25) Rhinoceroses.
- (26) Skunks.
- (27) Tigers.
- (28) Wolves.

(c) The prohibitions of this section shall not apply to bona fide pet shops, zoos, circuses, carnivals, educational institutions, or medical institutions, if:

(1) Their location conforms to the provisions of the zoning ordinance of the city.

(2) All animals and animal quarters are kept in a clean and sanitary condition and so maintained as to eliminate objectionable odors.

(3) Animals are maintained in quarters so constructed as to prevent their escape.

(d) The municipal judge shall have the authority to order any animal deemed vicious confined, destroyed or removed from the city.

(Code 1999)

ARTICLE 4. PIT BULL DOGS

2-401. PIT BULL DOGS. It shall be unlawful to keep, harbor, own, or on any way possess within the corporate limits of the city:

Any pit bull dog; Pit bull dog is defined to mean:

- (a) The Staffordshire bull terrier breed of dog;
 - (b) The American pit bull terrier breed of dog;
 - (c) The American Staffordshire terrier breed of dog;
 - (d) Any dog which has the appearance and characteristics of being predominately of the breeds of Staffordshire bull terrier, American terrier, or a combination of any of these breeds.
- (Code 1999)

CHAPTER III. BEVERAGES

- Article 1. General Provisions
- Article 2. Cereal Malt Beverages
- Article 3. Alcoholic Liquor
- Article 4. Private Clubs
- Article 5. Drinking Establishments
- Article 6. Caterers
- Article 7. Temporary Permits

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

3-101. **DEFINITIONS.** Unless otherwise expressly stated or the context clearly indicates a different intention, the following terms shall, for the purpose of this chapter, have the meanings indicated in this section.

(a) Alcohol means the product of distillation of any fermented liquid, whether rectified or diluted, whatever the origin thereof, and includes synthetic ethyl alcohol but does not include denatured alcohol or wood alcohol.

(b) Alcoholic Liquor means alcohol, spirits, wine, beer and every liquid or solid, patented or not, containing alcohol, spirits, wine or beer and capable of being consumed as a beverage by a human being, but shall not include any cereal malt beverage.

(c) Caterer means an individual, partnership or corporation which sells alcoholic liquor by the individual drink, and provides services related to the serving thereof, on unlicensed premises which may be open to the public, but does not include a holder of a temporary permit selling alcoholic liquor in accordance with the terms of such permit.

(d) Cereal Malt Beverage means any fermented but undistilled liquor brewed or made from malt or from a mixture of malt or malt substitute, but does not include any such liquor which is more than 3.2 percent alcohol by weight.

(e) Class A Club means a premises which is owned or leased by a corporation, partnership, business trust or association and which is operated thereby as a bona fide nonprofit social, fraternal or war veterans' club, as determined by the State of Kansas, for the exclusive use of the corporate stockholders, partners, trust beneficiaries or associates (hereinafter referred to as members), and their families and guests accompanying them.

(f) Class B Club means a premises operated for profit by a corporation, partnership or individual, to which members of such club may resort for the consumption of food or alcoholic beverages and for entertainment.

(g) Club means a Class A or Class B club.

(h) Drinking Establishment means premises which may be open to the general public, where alcoholic liquor by the individual drink is sold.

(i) General Retailer means a person who has a license to sell cereal malt beverages at retail.

(j) Limited Retailer means a person who has a license to sell cereal malt beverages at retail only in original and unopened containers and not for consumption on the premises.

(k) Place of Business. Any place at which cereal malt beverages or alcoholic beverages or both are sold.

(l) Temporary Permit means a permit, issued in accordance with the laws of the State of Kansas, which allows the permit holder to offer for sale, sell and serve alcoholic liquor for consumption on unlicensed premises, open to the public.

(m) Wholesaler or distributor. Any individuals, firms, copartnerships, corporations and associations which sell or offer for sale any beverage referred to in this chapter, to persons, copartnerships, corporations and associations authorized by this chapter to sell cereal malt beverages at retail.

(Code 1999)

3-102.

RESTRICTION ON LOCATION. (a) No alcoholic liquor shall be sold or served by a person holding a license or permit from the city whose place of business or other premises are located within 300 feet of any church, school, nursing home, library, or hospital, said distance to be measured from the nearest property line of such church, school, nursing home, library, or hospital, to the nearest portion of the building occupied by the premises.

(b) The distance location of subsection (a) above shall not apply to a club, drinking establishment, caterer or temporary permit holder when the license or permit applicant petitions for and receives a waiver of the distance limitation from the governing body. The governing body shall grant such a waiver only following public notice and hearing and a finding by the governing body that the proximity of the establishment is not adverse to the public welfare or safety.

(c) No license or permit shall be issued for the sale of alcoholic liquor if the building or use does not meet the zoning ordinance requirements of the city or conflicts with other city laws, including building and health codes.

(Code 1999)

3-103.

MINORS ON PREMISES. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person under the age of 21 years to remain on any premises where the sale of alcoholic liquor is licensed for on-premises consumption, or where a caterer or temporary permit holder is serving alcoholic liquor.

(b) It shall be unlawful for the operator, person in charge or licensee of any premises licensed for on-premises consumption of alcoholic liquor or a caterer or temporary permit holder who is serving alcoholic liquor to permit any person under the age of 21 years to remain on the premises.

(c) This section shall not apply if the person under the age of 21 years is accompanied by his or her parent or guardian, or if the licensed or permitted premises derives not more than 30 percent of its gross receipts in each calendar year from the sale of alcoholic liquor for on-premises consumption.

(Code 1999)

3-104.

CONSUMPTION ON PUBLIC PROPERTY. No person shall drink or consume any alcoholic liquor on city owned public property. (K.S.A. Supp. 41-719; Code 1999)

3-105. PUBLIC SALE; CONSUMPTION. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, serve or dispense any cereal malt beverage or alcoholic beverage in any public place not licensed to sell, serve or dispense such beverage at such public place within or under the jurisdiction of the city.

(b) It shall be unlawful for any person to drink or consume any cereal malt beverage or alcoholic beverage in any public place not licensed to sell and serve such beverage for public consumption at such public place within or under the jurisdiction of the city.

(c) For purposes of this section, the term "public place" shall include upon any street, public thoroughfare, public parking lot or any privately owned parking area made available to the public generally, within any parked or driven motor vehicle situated in any of the aforesaid places or upon any property owned by the state or any governmental subdivision thereof unless such property is leased to others under K.S.A. 12-1740 et seq. if the property is being used for hotel or motel purposes or purposes incidental thereto or is owned or operated by an airport authority created pursuant to Chapter 27 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated. (K.S.A. 41-719; Ord. 398; Code 1999)

3-106. OPEN CONTAINER. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to transport in any vehicle upon a highway or street any cereal malt beverage or alcoholic beverage unless such beverage is:

(1) In the original, unopened package or container, the seal of which has not been broken and from which the original cap or cork or other means of closure has not been removed;

(2) In the locked, rear trunk or rear compartment or any locked outside compartment which is not accessible to any person in the vehicle while it is in motion or;

(3) In the exclusive possession of a passenger in a vehicle which is a recreational vehicle as defined by K.S.A. 75-1212 or a bus as defined by K.S.A. 8-1406, who is not in the driving compartment of such vehicle or who is in a portion of such vehicle from which the driver is not directly accessible.

(b) As used in this section highway and street have meanings provided by K.S.A. 8-1424 and K.S.A. 8-1473 and amendments thereto. (K.S.A. 41-804, 41-2719; Code 1999)

3-107. CONSUMPTION WHILE DRIVING. It shall be unlawful for any person to consume any cereal malt beverage or alcoholic beverage while operating any vehicle upon any street or highway. (K.S.A. 41-719, 41-2720; Code 1999)

3-108. IDENTIFICATION CARD. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to:

(1) Display, cause or permit to be displayed, or have in possession, any fictitious, fraudulently altered, or fraudulently obtained identification card for purposes relating to the sale, purchase or consumption of either cereal malt beverage or alcoholic liquor.

(2) Display or represent any identification card not issued to such person as being his or her card for purposes relating to the sale, purchase or consumption of either cereal malt beverage or alcoholic liquor.

(3) Permit any unlawful use of an identification card issued to a person for purposes relating to the sale, purchase or consumption of either cereal malt beverage or alcoholic liquor.

(4) Photograph, photostat, duplicate or in any way reproduce any identification card or facsimile thereof in such a manner that it could be mistaken for a valid identification card or display or have in possession any such photograph, photostat, duplicate, reproduction or facsimile for purposes relating to the sale, purchase or consumption of either cereal malt beverage or alcoholic liquor.

(b) It shall be unlawful for any person to:

(1) Lend any identification card to or knowingly permit the use of any identification card by any person under 21 years of age for use in the sale, purchase or consumption of any alcoholic liquor.

(2) Lend any identification card to or knowingly permit the use of any identification card by any person under 21 years of age for use in the sale, purchase or consumption of any cereal malt beverage.

(Code 1999)

3-109. UNDERAGE PURCHASER. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person under 21 years of age to purchase or attempt to purchase any cereal malt beverage.

(b) It shall be unlawful for any person under 21 years of age to purchase or attempt to purchase any alcoholic liquor.
(K.S.A. Supp. 41-727; Code 1999)

ARTICLE 2. CEREAL MALT BEVERAGES

3-201. LICENSE REQUIRED OF RETAILERS. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to sell any cereal malt beverage at retail without a license for each place of business where cereal malt beverages are to be sold at retail.

(b) It shall be unlawful for any person, having a license to sell cereal malt beverages at retail only in the original and unopened containers and not for consumption on the premises, to sell any cereal malt beverage in any other manner.

(K.S.A. 41-2702; Code 1949, 8-202; Code 1999)

3-202. APPLICATION. Any person desiring a license shall make an application to the governing body of the city and accompany the application by the required license fee for each place of business for which the person desires the license. The application shall be verified, and upon a form prepared by the attorney general of the State of Kansas, and shall contain:

(a) The name and residence of the applicant and how long he or she has resided within the State of Kansas;

(b) The particular place for which a license is desired;

(c) The name of the owner of the premises upon which the place of business is located;

(d) The names and addresses of all persons who hold any financial interest in the particular place of business for which a license is desired.

(e) A statement that the applicant is a citizen of the United States and not less than 21 years of age and that he or she has not within two years immediately preceding the date of making application been convicted of a felony or any crime

involving moral turpitude, or been adjudged guilty of drunkenness, or driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or the violation of any other intoxicating liquor law of any state or of the United States;

(f) Each application for a general retailer's license shall be accompanied by a certificate from the city health officer certifying that he or she has inspected the premises to be licensed and that the same comply with the provisions of chapter 8 of this code.

(g) Each application for a general retailer's license must be accompanied by a certificate from the city fire chief certifying that he or she has inspected the premises to be licensed and that the same comply with the provisions of chapter 7 of this code.

The application shall be accompanied by a statement, signed by the applicant, authorizing any governmental agency to provide the city with any information pertinent to the application. One copy of such application shall immediately be transmitted to the chief of police of the city for investigation of the applicant. It shall be the duty of the chief of police to investigate such applicant to determine whether he or she is qualified as a licensee under the provisions of this chapter. The chief shall report to the governing body not later than five working days subsequent to the receipt of such application. The application shall be scheduled for consideration by the governing body at the earliest meeting consistent with current notification requirements. (Code 1949, 8-204; Code 1999)

3-202A. LICENSE APPLICATION PROCEDURES. (a) All applications for a new and renewed cereal malt beverage license shall be submitted to the city clerk 10 days in advance of the governing body meeting at which they will be considered.

(b) The city clerk's office shall notify the applicant of an existing license 30 days in advance of its expiration.

(c) The clerk's office shall provide copies of all applications to the police department, to the fire department, and to the city-county health department, when they are received. The police department will run a records check on all applicants and the fire department and health department will inspect the premises in accord with chapters 7 and 8 of this code. The departments will then recommend approval, or disapproval, of applications within five working days of the department's receipt of the application.

(d) The governing body will not consider any application for a new or renewed license that has not been submitted 10 days in advance and been reviewed by the above city departments.

(e) An applicant who has not had a cereal malt beverage license in the city shall attend the governing body meeting when the application for a new license will be considered.

(Code 1999)

3-203. LICENSE GRANTED; DENIED. (a) The journal of the governing body shall show the action taken on the application.

(b) If the license is granted, the city clerk shall issue the license which shall show the name of the licensee and the year for which issued.

(c) No license shall be transferred to another licensee.

(d) If the license shall be denied, the license fee shall be immediately returned to the person who has made application.
(Code 1999)

3-204. LICENSE TO BE POSTED. Each license shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the place of business for which the license is issued. (Code 1999)

Amended by ordinance #515

3-205. LICENSE, DISQUALIFICATION. No license shall be issued to:

(a) A person who has not been a resident in good faith of the state of Kansas for at least one year immediately preceding application and a resident of Crawford County for at least six months prior to filing of such application.

(b) A person who is not a citizen of the United States.

(c) A person who is not of good character and reputation in the community in which he or she resides.

(d) A person who, within two years immediately preceding the date of making application, has been convicted of a felony or any crime involving moral turpitude, or has been adjudged guilty of drunkenness or driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or the violation of any other intoxicating liquor law of any state or of the United States.

(e) A partnership, unless all the members of the partnership shall otherwise be qualified to obtain a license.

(f) A corporation if any manager, officer or director thereof or any stockholder owning in the aggregate more than 25 percent of the stock of such corporation would be ineligible to receive a license hereunder for any reason other than nonresidence within the city or county.

(g) A corporation, if any manager, officer or director thereof, or any stockholder owning in the aggregate more than 25 percent of the stock of such corporation, has been an officer, manager or director, or a stockholder owning in the aggregate more than 25 percent of the stock, of a corporation which: (A) Has had a retailer's license revoked under K.S.A. 41-2708 and amendments thereto; or (B) has been convicted of a violation of the drinking establishment act or the cereal malt beverage laws of this state.

(h) A person whose place of business is conducted by a manager or agent unless such manager or agent possesses the same qualifications required of the licensee.

(i) A person whose spouse would be ineligible to receive a retailer's license for any reason other than citizenship, retailer residency requirements or age, except that this subsection (i) shall not apply in determining eligibility for a renewal license.
(Code 1999)

3-206. RESTRICTION UPON LOCATION. (a) No license shall be issued for the sale at retail of any cereal malt beverage on premises which are located in areas not zoned for such purpose.

(b) It shall be unlawful to sell or dispense at retail any cereal malt beverage at any place within the city limits that is within a 300-foot radius of any church, school or library.

(c) Provisions of this section shall not apply to any establishment holding a private club license issued by the State of Kansas.

ORDINANCE NO. 515

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING THE CITY CODE OF THE CITY OF CHEROKEE, KANSAS, 1999, CHAPTER 3, ARTICLE 2, §3-205 REGARDING THE DISQUALIFICATION OF APPLICANTS FOR A CEREAL MALT BEVERAGE LICENSE

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE CITY OF CHEROKEE, KANSAS:

SECTION 1. The City Code of the City of Cherokee, 1999, Chapter 3, Article 2, §3-205 be and it hereby is amended to read as follows:

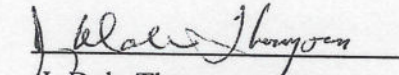
3-205 LICENSE, DISQUALIFICATION. No license shall be issued to:

- (a) A person who has not been a resident in good faith of the state of Kansas for at least one year immediately preceding application and a resident of Crawford County, or any contiguous county in the State of Kansas, for at least six months prior to filing of such application.
- (b) A person who is not a citizen of the United States.
- (c) A person who is not of good character and reputation in the community in which he or she resides.
- (d) A person who, within two years immediately preceding the date of making application, has been convicted of a felony or any crime involving moral turpitude, or has been adjudged guilty of drunkenness or driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or the violation of any other intoxicating liquor law of any state or of the United States.
- (e) A partnership, unless all the members of the partnership shall otherwise be qualified to obtain a license.
- (f) A corporation if any manager, officer or director thereof or any stockholder owning in the aggregate more than 25 percent of the stock of such corporation would be ineligible to receive a license hereunder for any reason other than nonresidence within the city or county.
- (g) A corporation, if any manager, officer or director thereof, or any stockholder owning in the aggregate more than 25 percent of the stock of such corporation, has been an officer, manager or director, or a stockholder owning in the aggregate more than 25 percent of the stock, of a corporation which: (A) Has had a retailer's license revoked under K.S.A. 41-2708 and amendments thereto; or (B) has been convicted of a violation of the drinking establishment act or the cereal malt beverage laws of this state.
- (h) A person whose place of business is conducted by a manager or agent unless such manager or agent possesses the same qualifications required of the licensee.
- (i) A person whose spouse would be ineligible to receive a retailer's license for any reason other than citizenship, retailer residency requirements or age, except that this subsection (i) shall not apply in determining eligibility for a renewal license.


SECTION 2. This ordinance shall become effective following its passage and publication in the City's official newspaper.

PASSED AND APPROVED BY THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE CITY OF CHEROKEE, KANSAS, this 8th day of July, 2014.

(SEAL)


J. Dale Thompson, Mayor

ATTEST:


Ed Burns, City Clerk

(d) The distance limitation of subsection (b) above shall not apply to any establishment holding a cereal malt beverage license issued by the city when the licensee has petitioned for and received a waiver of the distance limitation. The governing body shall grant such a waiver only following public notice and hearing. (K.S.A. 41-2704; Code 1999)

3-207. LICENSE FEE. The rules and regulations regarding license fees shall be as follows:

(a) General Retailer -- for each place of business selling cereal malt beverages at retail, \$60 per calendar year.

(b) Limited Retailer -- for each place of business selling only at retail cereal malt beverages in original and unopened containers and not for consumption on the premises, \$50 per calendar year.

Full amount of the license fee shall be required regardless of the time of the year in which the application is made, and the licensee shall only be authorized to operate under the license for the remainder of the calendar year in which the license is issued. (K.S.A. 41-2702; Code 1999)

3-208. SUSPENSION OF LICENSE. The chief of police, upon five days' written notice, shall have the authority to suspend such license for a period not to exceed 30 days, for any violation of the provisions of this chapter or other laws pertaining to cereal malt beverages, which violation does not in his or her judgment justify a recommendation of revocation. The licensee may appeal such order of suspension to the governing body within seven days from the date of such order. (Code 1999)

3-209. LICENSE SUSPENSION/REVOCAION BY GOVERNING BODY. The governing body of the city, upon five days' written notice, to a person holding a license to sell cereal malt beverages shall permanently revoke or cause to be suspended for a period of not more than 30 days such license for any of the following reasons:

(a) If a licensee has fraudulently obtained the license by giving false information in the application therefor;

(b) If the licensee has violated any of the provisions of this article or has become ineligible to obtain a license under this article;

(c) Drunkenness of a person holding such license, drunkenness of a licensee's manager or employee while on duty and while on the premises for which the license is issued, or for a licensee, his or her manager or employee permitting any intoxicated person to remain in such place selling cereal malt beverages;

(d) The sale of cereal malt beverages to any person under 21 years of age;

(e) For permitting any gambling in or upon any premises licensed under this article;

(f) For permitting any person to mix drinks with materials purchased in any premises licensed under this article or brought into the premises for this purpose;

(g) For the employment of any person under the age established by the State of Kansas for employment involving dispensing cereal malt beverages;

(h) For the employment of persons adjudged guilty of a felony or of a violation of any law relating to intoxicating liquor;

(i) For the sale or possession of, or for permitting the use or consumption of alcoholic liquor within or upon any premise licensed under this article;

- (j) The nonpayment of any license fees;
 - (k) If the licensee has become ineligible to obtain a license under this chapter;
 - (l) The provisions of subsections (f) and (i) shall not apply if such place of business is also currently licensed as a private club.
- (K.S.A. 41-2708; Code 1999)

3-210. SAME; APPEAL. The licensee, within 20 days after the order of the governing body revoking any license, may appeal to the district court of Crawford County and the district court shall proceed to hear such appeal as though such court had original jurisdiction in the matter. Any appeal taken under this section shall not suspend the order of revocation of the license of any licensee, nor shall any new license be issued to such person or any person acting for or on his or her behalf, for a period of six months thereafter. (K.S.A. 41-2708; Code 1999)

3-211. CHANGE OF LOCATION. If a licensee desires to change the location of his or her place of business, he or she shall make an application to the governing body showing the same information relating to the proposed location as in the case of an original application. Such application shall be accompanied by a fee of \$25. If the application is in proper form and the location is not in a prohibited zone and all other requirements relating to such place of business are met, a new license shall be issued for the new location for the balance of the year for which a current license is held by the licensee. (Code 1999)

3-212. WHOLESALERS AND/OR DISTRIBUTORS. It shall be unlawful for any wholesaler and/or distributor, his, her or its agents or employees, to sell and/or deliver cereal malt beverages within the city, to persons authorized under this article to sell the same within this city unless such wholesaler and/or distributor has first secured a license from the director of revenue, state commission of revenue and taxation of the State of Kansas authorizing such sales. (K.S.A. 41-307:307a; Code 1999)

3-213. BUSINESS REGULATIONS. It shall be the duty of every licensee to observe the following regulations.

(a) The place of business licensed and operating under this article shall at all times have a front and rear exit unlocked when open for business.

(b) The premises and all equipment used in connection with such business shall be kept clean and in a sanitary condition and shall at all times be open to the inspection of the police and health officers of the city, county and state.

(c) Except as provided by subsection (d), no cereal malt beverages may be sold or dispensed between the hours of 12:00 midnight and 6:00 a.m., or consumed between the hours of 12:30 a.m., and 6:00 a.m., or on Sunday, except in a place of business which is licensed to sell cereal malt beverage for consumption on the premises, which derives not less than 30 percent of its gross receipts from the sale of food for consumption on the licensed premises; closing hours for clubs shall conform to K.S.A. 41-2614 and any amendments thereto.

(d) Cereal malt beverages may be sold at any time alcoholic liquor is allowed by law to be served on premises which are licensed pursuant to K.S.A. 41-2701 et seq., and licensed as a club by the State Director of Alcoholic Beverage Control.

(e) The place of business shall be open to the public and to the police at all times during business hours, except that premises licensed as a club under a license issued by the State Director of Alcoholic Beverage Control shall be open to the police and not to the public.

(f) It shall be unlawful for any licensee or agent or employee of the licensee to become intoxicated in the place of business for which such license has been issued.

(g) No licensee or agent or employee of the licensee shall permit any intoxicated person to remain in the place of business for which such license has been issued.

(h) No licensee or agent or employee of the licensee shall sell or permit the sale of cereal malt beverage to any person under 21 years of age.

(i) No licensee or agent or employee of the licensee shall permit any gambling in the place of business for which such license has been issued.

(j) No licensee or agent or employee of the licensee shall permit any person to mix alcoholic drinks with materials purchased in said place of business or brought in for such purpose.

(k) No licensee or agent or employee of the licensee shall employ any person under 21 years of age in dispensing cereal malt beverages. No licensee shall employ any person who has been judged guilty of a felony.

(Code 1999)

3-214.

PROHIBITED CONDUCT ON PREMISES. The following conduct by a cereal malt beverage licensee, manager or employee of any licensed cereal malt beverage establishment is deemed contrary to public welfare and is prohibited:

(a) Remaining or permitting any person to remain in or upon the premises who exposes to view any portion of the female breasts below the top of the areola or any portion of males/females pubic hair, anus, buttocks or genitals;

(b) Permitting any employee on the licensed premises to touch, caress or fondle the breasts, buttocks, anus, vulva or genitals of any other employee or any patron;

(c) Encouraging or permitting any patron on the licensed premises to touch, caress or fondle the breasts, buttocks, anus, vulva, or genitals of any employee;

(d) Performing or permitting any person to perform on the licensed premises acts of or acts which simulate:

(1) Sexual intercourse, masturbation, sodomy, or any other sexual act which is prohibited by law; or

(2) Touching, caressing or fondling such persons' breasts, buttocks, anus or genitals.

(e) Using or permitting any person to use on the licensed premises, any artificial devices or inanimate objects to depict any of the acts prohibited by paragraph (d) of this section.

(f) Showing or permitting any person to show on the licensed premises any motion picture, film, photograph, electronic reproduction, or other visual reproduction depicting:

(1) Acts or simulated acts of sexual intercourse, masturbation, sodomy, or any sexual act which is prohibited by law;

(2) The touching, caressing or fondling of the buttocks, anus, genitals or the female breasts;

(3) Scenes in which a person displays the buttocks, anus, genitals or the female breasts.

(g) As used in this section, the term premises means the premises licensed by the city as a cereal malt beverage establishment and such other areas, under the control of the licensee or his or her employee or employees, that are in such close proximity to the licensed premises that activities and conduct of persons within such other areas may be viewed by persons on or within the licensed premises.

(Code 1999)

3-215. **SANITARY CONDITIONS REQUIRED.** All parts of the licensed premises including furnishings and equipment shall be kept clean and in a sanitary condition, free from flies, rodents and vermin at all times. The licensed premises shall have at least one restroom for each sex easily accessible at all times to its patrons and employees. The restroom shall be equipped with at least one lavatory with hot and cold running water, be well lighted, and be furnished at all times with paper towels or other mechanical means of drying hands and face. Each restroom shall be provided with adequate toilet facilities which shall be of sanitary design and readily cleanable. The doors of all toilet rooms shall be self closing and toilet paper at all times shall be provided. Easily cleanable receptacles shall be provided for waste material and such receptacles in toilet rooms for women shall be covered. The restrooms shall at all times be kept in a sanitary condition and free of offensive odors and shall be at all times subject to inspection by the city health officer or designee. (Code 1999)

3-216. **MINORS ON PREMISES.** (a) It shall be unlawful for any person under 21 years of age to remain on any premises where the sale of cereal malt beverages is licensed for on-premises consumption.

(b) This section shall not apply if the person under 21 years of age is an employee of the licensed establishment, or is accompanied by his or her parent or guardian, or if the licensed establishment derives not more than 30 percent of its gross receipts in each calendar year from the sale of cereal malt beverages for on-premises consumption.

(Code 1999)

ARTICLE 3. ALCOHOLIC LIQUOR

3-301. **STATE LICENSE REQUIRED.** (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to keep for sale, offer for sale, or expose for sale or sell any alcoholic liquor as defined by the "Kansas liquor control act" without first having obtained a state license to do so.

(b) The holder of a license for the retail sale in the city of alcoholic liquors by the package issued by the state director of alcoholic beverage control shall present such license to the city clerk when applying to pay the occupation tax levied in section 3-302 and the tax shall be received and a receipt shall be issued for the period covered by the state license.

(Code 1999)

3-302. OCCUPATIONAL TAX. There is hereby levied an annual occupation tax of \$300 on any person holding a license issued by the state director of alcoholic beverage control for the retail sale within the city of alcoholic liquors for consumption off the premises. Such tax shall be paid by the retailer to the city clerk before business is begun under an original state license and shall be paid within five days after any renewal of a state license. (Code 1999)

3-303. POSTING OF RECEIPT. Every licensee under this article shall cause the city alcoholic liquor retailer's occupation tax receipt to be placed in plain view, next to or below the state license in a conspicuous place on the licensed premises. (Code 1999)

3-304. HOURS OF SALE. No person shall sell at retail any alcoholic liquor:

- (a) On any Sunday;
- (b) On Decoration Day or Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day;
- (c) Before 9:00 a.m. or after 11:00 p.m. on any day when the sale thereof is permitted.

(K.S.A. 41-712; Code 1999)

3-305. BUSINESS REGULATIONS. It shall be unlawful for a retailer of alcoholic liquor to:

- (a) Permit any person to mix drinks in or on the licensed premises;
- (b) Employ any person under the age of 21 years in connection with the operation of the retail establishment;
- (c) Employ any person in connection with the operation of the retail establishment who has been adjudged guilty of a felony;
- (d) Furnish any entertainment in his or her premises or permit any pinball machine or game of skill or chance to be located in or on the premises; or
- (e) Have in his or her possession for sale at retail any bottles, cask, or other containers containing alcoholic liquor, except in the original package.
- (f) Sell, give away, dispose of, exchange or deliver, or permit the sale, gift or procuring of any alcoholic liquor to or for any person under 21 years of age.

(Code 1999)

3-306. RESTRICTIONS ON LOCATION. No person shall knowingly or unknowingly sell, give away, furnish, dispose of, procure, exchange or deliver, or permit the selling, giving away, furnishing, disposing of, procuring, exchanging or delivering of any alcoholic beverage in any building, structure or premises, for consumption in such building or upon such premises if such consumption is within 200 feet from the nearest property line of any existing hospital, school, church or library. (K.S.A. 41-710; Code 1999)

ARTICLE 4. PRIVATE CLUBS

3-401. LICENSE REQUIRED. It shall be unlawful for any person granted a private club license by the State of Kansas to sell or serve any alcoholic liquor authorized

by such license within the city without first obtaining a local license from the city clerk. (Code 1999)

3-402. **LICENSE FEE.** (a) There is hereby levied an annual license fee on each private club located in the city which has a private club license issued by the state director of alcoholic beverage control, which fee shall be paid before business is begun under an original state license and within five days after any renewal of a state license. The city license fee for a Class A club shall be \$100 and the city license fee for a Class B club shall be \$250.

(b) All applications for new or renewal city licenses shall be submitted to the city clerk. Upon presentation of a state license, payment of the city license fee and the license application, the city clerk shall issue a city license for the period covered by the state license, if there are no conflicts with any zoning or alcoholic beverage ordinances of the city.

(c) The license period shall extend for the period covered by the state license. No license fee shall be refunded for any reason.

(d) Every licensee shall cause the city club license to be placed in plain view next to or below the state license in a conspicuous place on the licensed premises. (Code 1999)

3-403. **BUSINESS REGULATIONS.** (a) No club licensed hereunder shall allow the serving, mixing or consumption of alcoholic liquor on its premises between the hours of 2:00 a.m. and 9:00 a.m. on any day.

(b) Cereal malt beverages may be sold on premises licensed for the retail sale of cereal malt beverages for on-premises consumption at any time when alcoholic liquor is allowed by law to be served on the premises.

(c) No club membership shall be sold to any person under 21 years of age, nor shall alcoholic beverages or cereal malt beverages be given, sold or traded to any person under 21 years of age.

(K.S.A. Supp. 41-2614; Code 1999)

ARTICLE 5. DRINKING ESTABLISHMENTS

3-501. **LICENSE REQUIRED.** It shall be unlawful for any person granted a drinking establishment license by the State of Kansas to sell or serve any alcoholic liquor authorized by such license within the city without first obtaining a city license from the city clerk. (Code 1999)

3-502. **LICENSE FEE.** (a) There is hereby levied an annual license fee in the amount of \$250 on each drinking establishment located in the city which has a drinking establishment license issued by the state director of alcoholic beverage control, which fee shall be paid before business is begun under an original state license and within five days after any renewal of a state license.

(b) All applications for new or renewal city licenses shall be submitted to the city clerk. Upon presentation of a state license, payment of the city license fee and the license application, the city clerk shall issue a city license for the period covered by the state license, if there are no conflicts with any zoning or alcoholic beverage ordinances of the city.

(c) The license period shall extend for the period covered by the state license. No license fee shall be refunded for any reason.

(d) Every licensee shall cause the city drinking establishment license to be placed in plain view next to or below the state license in a conspicuous place on the licensed premises.

(Code 1999)

3-503. BUSINESS REGULATIONS. (a) No drinking establishment licensed hereunder shall allow the serving, mixing or consumption of alcoholic liquor on its premises between the hours of 2:00 a.m. and 9:00 a.m. on any day.

(b) Cereal malt beverages may be sold on premises licensed for the retail sale of cereal malt beverage for on-premises consumption at any time when alcoholic liquor is allowed by law to be served on the premises.

(c) No alcoholic beverages or cereal malt beverages shall be given, sold or traded to any person under 21 years of age.

(K.S.A. Supp. 41-2614; Code 1999)

ARTICLE 6. CATERERS

3-601. LICENSE REQUIRED. It shall be unlawful for any person licensed by the State of Kansas as a caterer to sell alcoholic liquor by the drink, to sell or serve any liquor by the drink within the city without obtaining a local caterer's license from the city clerk. (Code 1999)

3-602. LICENSE FEE. (a) There is hereby levied an annual license fee in the amount of \$250 on each caterer doing business in the city who has a caterer's license issued by the state director of alcoholic beverage control, which fee shall be paid before business is begun under an original state license and within five days after any renewal of a state license.

(b) All applications for new or renewal city licenses shall be submitted to the city clerk. Upon presentation of a state license, payment of the city license fee and the license application, the city clerk shall issue a city license for the period covered by the state license, if there are no conflicts with any zoning or alcoholic beverage ordinances of the city.

(c) The license period shall extend for the period covered by the state license. No license fee shall be refunded for any reason.

(d) Every licensee shall cause the caterer license to be placed in plain view on any premises within the city where the caterer is serving or mixing alcoholic liquor for consumption on the premises.

(Code 1999)

3-603. BUSINESS REGULATIONS. (a) No caterer licensed hereunder shall allow the serving, mixing or consumption of alcoholic liquor between the hours of 2:00 a.m. and 6:00 a.m. on any day.

(b) No alcoholic beverages or cereal malt beverages shall be given, sold or traded to any person under 21 years of age.

(K.S.A. Supp. 41-2614; Code 1999)

- 3-604. NOTICE TO CHIEF OF POLICE. Prior to any event at which a caterer will sell or serve alcoholic liquor by the individual drink, the caterer shall provide written notice to the chief of police at least two days prior to the event if the event will take place within the city. The notice shall contain the location, name of the group sponsoring the event, and the exact date and times the caterer will be serving. (Code 1999)

ARTICLE 7. TEMPORARY PERMITS

- 3-701. PERMIT REQUIRED. It shall be unlawful for any person granted a temporary permit by the State of Kansas to sell or serve any alcoholic liquor within the city without first obtaining a local temporary permit from the city clerk. (Code 1999)

- 3-702. PERMIT FEE. (a) There is hereby levied a temporary permit fee in the amount of \$25 per day on each group or individual holding a temporary permit issued by the state director of alcoholic beverage control authorizing sales within the city, which fee shall be paid before the event is begun under the state permit.
- (b) Every temporary permit holder shall cause the temporary permit receipt to be placed in plain view on any premises within the city where the holder of the temporary permit is serving or mixing alcoholic liquor for consumption on the premises. (Code 1999)

- 3-703. CITY TEMPORARY PERMIT. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to conduct an event under a state issued temporary permit without first applying for a local temporary permit at least seven days before the event. Written application for the local temporary permit shall be made to the city clerk and shall clearly state:
- (1) the name of the applicant;
 - (2) the group for which the event is planned;
 - (3) the location of the event;
 - (4) the date and time of the event;
 - (5) any anticipated need for police, fire or other municipal services.
- (b) Upon presentation of a state temporary permit, payment of the city's temporary permit fee and a written application as provided for in subsection (a), the city clerk shall issue a local temporary permit to the applicant if there are no conflicts with any zoning or other ordinances of the city.
- (c) The city clerk shall notify the chief of police whenever a temporary permit has been issued and forward a copy of the permit and application to the chief of police. (Code 1999)

- 3-704. PERMIT REGULATIONS. (a) No temporary permit holder shall allow the serving, mixing or consumption of alcoholic liquor between the hours of 2:00 a.m. and 6:00 a.m. at any event for which a temporary permit has been issued.
- (b) No alcoholic beverages shall be given, sold or traded to any person under 21 years of age. (Code 1999)

CHAPTER IV. BUILDINGS AND CONSTRUCTION

Article 1. Dangerous and Unfit Structures

Article 2. Demolition

Article 3. Mobile Homes

ARTICLE 1. DANGEROUS AND UNFIT STRUCTURES

4-101. **PURPOSE.** The governing body has found that there exist within the corporate limits of the city structures which are unfit for human use or habitation because of dilapidation, defects increasing the hazards of fire or accidents, structural defects or other conditions which render such structures unsafe, unsanitary or otherwise inimical to the general welfare of the city, or conditions which provide a general blight upon the neighborhood or surrounding properties. It is hereby deemed necessary by the governing body to require or cause the repair, closing or demolition or removal of such structures as provided in this article. (K.S.A. 12-1751; Code 1999)

4-102. **DEFINITIONS.** For the purpose of this article, the following words and terms shall have the following meanings:

(a) Enforcing officer means the building inspector or his or her authorized representative.

(b) Structure shall include any building, wall, superstructure or other structure which requires location on the ground, or is attached to something having a location on the ground.

(K.S.A. 12-1750; Code 1999)

4-103. **ENFORCING OFFICER; DUTIES.** The enforcing officer is hereby authorized to exercise such powers as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this article, including the following:

(a) Inspect any structure which appears to be unsafe, dangerous or unfit for human habitation;

(b) Have authority to enter upon premises at reasonable hours for the purpose of making such inspections. Entry shall be made so as to cause the least possible inconvenience to any person in possession of the structure. If entry is denied, the enforcing officer may seek an order for this purpose from a court of competent jurisdiction;

(c) Report all structures which he or she believes to be dangerous, unsafe or unfit for human habitation to the governing body;

(d) Receive petitions as provided in this article.

(Code 1999)

4-104. **PROCEDURE; PETITION.** Whenever a petition is filed with the enforcing officer by at least five residents charging that any structure is dangerous, unsafe or unfit for human habitation, or whenever it appears to the enforcing officer on his or her own motion that any structure is dangerous, unsafe or unfit for human

habitation, he or she shall, if his or her preliminary investigation discloses a basis for such charges, report such findings to the governing body. (Code 1999)

4-105. SAME; NOTICE. The governing body upon receiving a report as provided in section 4-104 shall by resolution fix a time and place at which the owner, the owner's agent, any lienholder of records and any occupant of the structure may appear and show cause why the structure should not be condemned and ordered repaired or demolished. (K.S.A. 12-1752; Code 1999)

4-106. SAME; PUBLICATION. (a) The resolution shall be published once each week for two consecutive weeks on the same day of each week. At least 30 days shall elapse between the last publication and the date set for the hearing.

(b) A copy of the resolution shall be mailed by certified mail within three days after its first publication to each owner, agent, lienholder and occupant at the last known place of residence and shall be marked "deliver to addressee only." (K.S.A. 12-1752; Code 1999)

4-107. SAME; HEARING, ORDER. (a) If, after notice and hearing, the governing body determines that the structure under consideration is dangerous, unsafe or unfit for human use or habitation, it shall state in writing its findings of fact in support of such determination and shall cause the resolution to be published once in the official city newspaper and a copy mailed to the owners, agents, lienholders of record and occupants in the same manner provided for the notice of hearing. The resolution shall fix a reasonable time within which the repair or removal of such structure shall be commenced and a statement that if the owner of such structure fails to commence the repair or removal of such structure within the time stated or fails to diligently prosecute the same until the work is completed, the governing body will cause the structure to be razed and removed.

(b) If the repair, alteration, or improvement of the structure can be made at a cost which shall not exceed 50 percent of the fair market value of the structure, the owner of the property shall, within the time specified in the order, repair, alter or improve the structure to render it safe and fit for human use or habitation, or shall vacate and close the structure until such time as he has complied with the order.

(c) If the repair, alteration or improvement of the structure cannot be made at a cost of 50 percent or less of its fair market value, the owner shall, within the time specified in the order, remove or demolish the structure. (Code 1999)

4-108. DUTY OF OWNER. Whenever any structure within the city shall be found to be dangerous, unsafe or unfit for human use or habitation, it shall be the duty and obligation of the owner of the property to render the same secure and safe or to remove the same. (Code 1999)

4-109. SAME; FAILURE TO COMPLY. (a) If, within the time specified in the order, the owner fails to comply with the order to repair, alter, improve or vacate the structure, the enforcing officer may cause the structure to be repaired, altered, improved, or to be vacated and closed.

(b) If, within the time specified in the order, the owner fails to comply with the order to remove or demolish the structure, the enforcing officer may cause the structure to be removed and demolished.
(Code 1999)

4-110. SAME; MAKE SITE SAFE. Upon removal of any structure, the owner shall fill any basement or other excavation located upon the premises and take any other action necessary to leave the premises in a safe condition. If the owner fails to take such action, the enforcing officer may proceed to make the site safe. (Code 1999)

4-111. ASSESSMENT OF COSTS. (a) The cost to the city of any repairs, alterations, improvements, vacating, removal or demolition by the enforcing officer, including making the site safe, shall be reported to the city clerk.

(b) The city shall give notice to the owner of the structure by restricted mail of the cost of removing the structure and making the premises safe and secure. The notice shall also state that payment of the cost is due and payable within 30 days following receipt of the notice.

(c) If the costs remain unpaid after 30 days following receipt of notice, the city clerk may sell any salvage from the structure and apply the proceeds or any necessary portion thereof to pay the cost of removing the structure and making the site safe. Any proceeds in excess of that required to recover the costs shall be paid to the owner of the premises upon which the structure was located.

(d) If the proceeds of the sale of salvage is insufficient to recover the cost, or if there is no salvage, the city clerk shall, at the time of certifying other city taxes, certify the unpaid portion of the costs to the county clerk who shall extend the same on the tax roll of the county.

(K.S.A. 12-1755; Code 1999)

4-112. IMMEDIATE HAZARD. When in the opinion of the governing body any structure is in such condition as to constitute an immediate hazard requiring immediate action to protect the public, the governing body may direct the enforcing officer to erect barricades or cause the property to be vacated, taken down, repaired, shored or otherwise made safe without delay. Such action may be taken without prior notice to or hearing of the owners, agents, lienholders and occupants. The cost of any action under this section shall be assessed against the property as provided in section 4-111.

(K.S.A. 12-1756; Code 1999)

4-113. APPEALS FROM ORDER. Any person affected by an order issued by the governing body under this article may, within 30 days following service of the order, petition the district court of the county in which the structure is located for an injunction restraining the enforcing officer from carrying out the provisions of the order pending final disposition of the case. (Code 1999)

4-114. SCOPE OF ARTICLE. Nothing in this article shall be construed to abrogate or impair the powers of the courts or of any department of the city to enforce any provisions of its charter or its ordinances or regulations, nor to prevent or punish violations thereof; and the powers conferred by this article shall be in addition to and supplemental to the powers conferred by the constitution, any other law or

ordinance. Nothing in this article shall be construed to impair or limit in any way the power of the city to define and declare nuisances and to cause their removal or abatement by summary proceedings or otherwise or to exercise those powers granted specifically by K.S.A. 12-1750:1756. (Code 1999)

ARTICLE 2. DEMOLITION

4-201. BOND. It shall be the duty of any person, at the time of making application for permit to wreck, demolish, or tear down any house or building, as provided by the ordinances of the city, to deposit with the city clerk a cash bond of \$300 if the building be of brick construction, or a cash bond of \$300. (Ord. 312, Sec. 1)

4-202. REMOVAL. If the person doing such wrecking, demolishing or tearing down any such building shall not within 90 days from the date of issuance of permit remove all of the rubble and other material after the work has been completed to the satisfaction of the mayor and council, the mayor and council are authorized to use so much of the bond as may be necessary to pay for the costs of removing such rubble and other unsightly or unsanitary material, after which the remaining balance of the bond, if any, shall be returned to the person making the application. (Ord. 312, Sec. 1)

ORDINANCE NO. 514

AN ORDINANCE REGULATING THE PLACEMENT AND LOCATION OF MOBILE HOMES ON LOTS WITHIN THE CITY LIMITS OF THE CITY OF CHEROKEE, KANSAS.

WHEREAS, it is in the best interest of the health and welfare of the citizens of the City of Cherokee, Kansas, that the placement and location of mobile lots be regulated.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE CITY OF CHEROKEE, KANSAS:

SECTION 1. The City Code of the City of Cherokee, 1999, be and it hereby is amended by adding the following Article III of Chapter 4 to read as follows:

Section 4-301. No person, corporation or other entity shall locate mobile home on any land within the city limits of the City of Cherokee except as authorized hereinafter.

Section 4-302. "Mobile Home" is defined as a factory-built structure or structures equipped with the necessary service connections and made so as to be transportable as a unit or units on its own running gear and designed to be used as a dwelling unit with or without a permanent foundation. The transportation system is designed so that the home may be moved from time to time at the convenience of the owner. The term shall include two or more separately towed units which are designed to be bolted or otherwise fastened together to form a complete living unit. Such homes are built on a chassis consisting of drop bar and coupling mechanism, frame (e.g., steel eye-beams), running gear and lights. Removal of any or all of these component parts does not change the definition. All such homes shall be either skirted according to the manufacturer's design and construction standards or placed on a permanent-type, enclosed perimeter foundation and, according to standards of the State of Kansas under K.S.A. § 75-1226 et seq. as amended, shall be anchored to the ground or secured to a permanent-type foundation, under no circumstances shall two or more single-wide mobile homes be permitted to connect together in any manner.

Section 4-303. A Mobile Home Review Committee is hereby established and vested with the responsibility and authority to review, deny and approve proposals submitted to the City Clerk consistent with this Ordinance. Such Mobile Home Review Committee shall be comprised of no fewer than two (2) persons appointed by the Mayor with the consent of the Governing Body from time to time.

Section 4-304. From and after the effective date of this Ordinance, no person, corporation or other entity shall locate a mobile home on any land within the city limits of the City of Cherokee unless said mobile home is sited on land within said city limits which has been designated by the Governing Body as a "mobile home park" or a "mobile home lot(s)". Any person, corporation or other entity seeking to have certain land located within the city limits of Cherokee designated as such, shall submit such proposal in writing to the City Clerk stating in detail how the person intends to develop the land and bring utilities to it and regulate its use; the City Clerk shall thereafter place such proposal on the agenda for the Governing Body to consider at its next regularly scheduled meeting.

Section 4-305. From and after the effective date of this Ordinance, no person, corporation or other entity shall locate a Mobile Home on any land within the city limits of the City of Cherokee unless such person has received approval of the Mobile Home Review Committee. Any person, corporation or entity intending to locate a Mobile Home on land within the city limits of the City of Cherokee shall first submit a written proposal to the City Clerk stating in detail how the person intends to place and anchor said mobile home. The City Clerk shall thereafter submit said proposal to a Mobile Home Review Committee. The Planning Committee shall review the written proposal, inspect the mobile home and make a determination regarding whether the proposal shall be approved.

Section 4-306. Any mobile home located within the corporate limits of the City of Cherokee, Kansas, shall comply with the following specifications for installation:

- A. Any mobile home shall be placed so there will only be one mobile home per city lot with minimum lot dimensions of 50' by 140'.
- B. The home shall not be placed within 6 feet of any property line.
- C. The mobile home shall not be placed on any lot which contains any other dwelling place occupied by persons or from which a business is operated.

Section 4-307. In making a determination regarding a proposal submitted to the Mobile Home Review Committee, the committee shall consider compliance with this ordinance, as well as the following factors:

- 1 The character of the neighborhood;
- 2 The uses of nearby properties;
- 3 The suitability of the subject property for the proposed use;
- 4 The extent to which approving the proposed use will detrimentally affect nearby property;
- 5 The length of time the subject property has remained vacant, if applicable; and
- 6 The relative gain to the public health, safety and welfare by the destruction of the value of nearby properties as compared to the hardship upon the individual landowner.

Section 4-308. The owner or agent of a building, structure, or premises in or upon which a violation of any provision of this ordinance has been committed, shall be punished by a fine of \$100.00 per day up to the sum of \$2,000.00. Each day's violation shall constitute a separate offense.

Section 4-309. In the case any mobile home is moved, altered or otherwise in violation of this ordinance, the appropriate authorities of the City of Cherokee, in addition to using other remedies, may institute injunction, mandamus or other appropriate action or proceeding to prevent such unlawful erection, construction or other violation. The City shall have the authority to commence suits or actions in any court of competent jurisdiction to enforce this ordinance, to abate nuisances, to bring ejection or injunction proceedings against the violator.

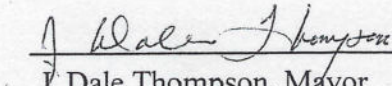
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Section 4-310. Any and all prior resolutions adopted by this Governing Body in conflict with the provisions of this Ordinance, specifically including but not limited to Ordinance 470 adopted by the Governing Body on June 27, 2001, are amended, rescinded, or repealed, as the case may be, as of the effective date of this Ordinance.


SECTION 2. This ordinance shall become effective following its passage and publication in the City's official newspaper.

PASSED AND APPROVED BY THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE CITY OF CHEROKEE, KANSAS, this 8th day of July, 2014.

(SEAL)


J. Dale Thompson, Mayor

ATTEST:


Ed Burns, City Clerk

CHAPTER V. BUSINESS REGULATIONS

Article 1. General Regulations and Licenses

Article 2. Solicitors, Canvassers, Peddlers

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

- 5-101. **LICENSE REQUIRED.** It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation, either as principal or agent or employee, to conduct, pursue carry on or operate any calling, trade, profession or occupation in the city without first paying the license fee prescribed and procuring such a license from the city clerk whenever the procuring of the license is required by the city. (Code 1999)
- 5-102. **APPLICATION FOR LICENSE.** Every person, firm or corporation desiring to do business in the city shall apply to the city clerk for a license to operate such business, and in the case of new licenses, shall appear before the governing body before the commencement of business and issuance of the license. Upon approval by the governing body, the city clerk shall issue to the applicant a license which shall be signed by the city clerk. It shall be the duty of the city clerk to pay over the amount so collected on each license issued, to the city treasurer of the city. (Code 1999)
- 5-103. **NOT ASSIGNABLE OR TRANSFERABLE.** No license granted by the city shall be assignable or transferable; nor shall such license authorize any person to do business or act under it but the person named therein, nor at more than one place. There shall be no refunds except as specifically provided. (Code 1999)
- 5-104. **LICENSE PERIOD; DURATION.** The license period shall be from August 1 to August 1 of each year and the fees required to be paid herein shall be paid in one annual payment of the first day of August of each year. After the first day of August, the tax is delinquent if not paid, and penalty shall attach at the rate of two percent per month until paid. (Code 1999)
- 5-105. **EXEMPTION OF FARMERS.** No producer or grower, or his or her agents or employees, selling in the city, farm or garden products or fruits grown by him or her in the state shall be required to pay any license fee or occupation tax imposed by any law of this city, and he or she, his or her agents or employees, are hereby exempt from the payment of any such fees or taxes, or the securing of a license. (K.S.A. 12-1617; Code 1999)
- 5-106. **LICENSE FEES.** Unless otherwise provided, the annual license fee for each occupation, business, or profession shall be as shown in the following schedule: (Reserved)

5-107. SAME; WHEN PAYABLE; TIME PERIOD. (a) All license fees shall be due and payable before the commencement of a trade, occupation, business or profession for which license fees are required.

(b) No license shall be issued until the fee is paid.

(c) Licenses shall be renewed on or before the expiration date of the current licenses.

(d) If the license prescribed is for an annual, quarterly, monthly, weekly or daily period, the license shall not be issued for any part or fraction of the year, quarter, month, week or day, respectively.

(e) The license for a day shall expire at midnight.
(Code 1999)

5-108. PAYMENT OF FEES; RECEIPT. The city clerk shall, upon payment of any license fee specified, give a receipt therefor stating the amount paid, the nature of the licenses issued, for what time, and to whom issued, and if possible, the exact location where the business is to be carried on, and the kind of business. (Code 1999)

5-109. CONTENTS OF LICENSE. Unless otherwise provided all licenses shall be dated on the date of their issue, and shall state the name of the licensee, the kind of business he or she desires to engage in and the location thereof, the amount paid, and time the license shall expire; and the person having such license shall be authorized to carry on the business therein named. (Code 1999)

5-110. RECORD BOOK. The city clerk shall keep a book in which shall be entered the name of each person licensed, his or her address, the date of the license, the purpose for which it is granted, the amount paid therefor, and the time the same shall expire and within 24 hours after any license has expired, the city clerk shall notify the chief of police of such expiration, unless the same shall have been renewed. (Ord. 346; Code 1999)

5-111. DISPLAY OF LICENSE. All persons doing business in a permanent location are required to have their license conspicuously displayed in their place of business, and all persons to whom licenses are issued not having a permanent place of business are required to carry their licenses with them and any licensee shall present the license for inspection when requested to do so by any citizen or officer of the city. (Code 1999)

ARTICLE 2. SOLICITORS, CANVASSERS, PEDDLERS

5-201. DEFINITIONS. For the purpose of this article, the following words shall be considered to have the following meanings:

(a) Soliciting shall mean and include any one or more of the following activities:

(1) Seeking to obtain orders for the purchase of goods, wares, merchandise, foodstuffs, services, of any kind, character or description whatever, for any kind of consideration whatever; or

(2) Seeking to obtain prospective customers for application or purchase of insurance of any type, kind or character; or

(3) Seeking to obtain subscriptions to books, magazines, periodicals, newspapers and every other type or kind of publication.

(b) Residence shall mean and include every separate living unit occupied for residential purposes by one or more persons, contained within any type of building or structure.

(c) Canvasser or Solicitor shall mean any individual, whether resident of the city or not, whose business is mainly or principally carried on by traveling either by foot, automobile, motor truck, or any other type of conveyance, from place to place, from house to house, or from street to street, taking or attempting to take orders for sale of goods, wares and merchandise, personal property of any nature whatsoever for future delivery, or for services to be furnished or performed in the future, whether or not such individual has, carries, or exposes for sale a sample of the subject of such sale or whether he or she is collecting advance payments on such sales or not. Such definition shall include any person, who, for himself, herself or for another person, hires, leases, uses, or occupies any building, structure, tent, railroad boxcar, boat, hotel room, lodging house, apartment, shop or any other place within the city for the sole purpose of exhibiting samples and taking orders for future delivery.

(d) Peddler shall mean any person, whether a resident of the city or not, traveling by foot, automotive vehicle, or any other type of conveyance, from place to place, from house to house, or from street to street, carrying, conveying or transporting goods, wares, merchandise, meats, fish, vegetables, fruits, garden truck, farm products or provisions, offering and exposing the same for sale, or making sales and delivering articles to purchasers, or who, without traveling from place to place, shall sell or offer the same for sale from a wagon, automotive vehicle, railroad boxcar or other vehicle or conveyance, and further provided, that one who solicits orders and as a separate transaction makes deliveries to purchasers as a part of a scheme or design to evade the provisions of this article shall be deemed a peddler.

(e) Transient merchant, itinerant merchant or itinerant vendor are defined as any person, whether as owner, agent, consignee or employee, whether a resident of the city or not, who engages in a temporary business of selling and delivering goods, wares and merchandise within such city, and who, in furtherance of such purpose, hires, leases, uses or occupies any building, structure, motor vehicle, tent, railroad boxcar, or boat, public room in hotels, lodging houses, apartments, shops or any street, alley or other place within the city, for the exhibition and sale of such goods, wares and merchandise, either privately or at public auction. Such definition shall not be construed to include any person who, while occupying such temporary location, does not sell from stock, but exhibits samples only for the purpose of securing orders for future delivery only. The person so engaged shall not be relieved from complying with the provisions of this article merely by reason of associating temporarily with any local dealer, trader, merchant or auctioneer, or by conducting such transient business in connection with, as a part of, or in the name of any local dealer, trader, merchant or auctioneer.

(f) Street salesman shall mean any person engaged in any manner in selling merchandise of any kind from a vehicle or stand temporarily located on the public streets or sidewalks of this city.
(Code 1999)

5-202. LICENSE REQUIRED. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in any of the activities defined in the preceding sections of this article, within the corporate limits of the city without then having an unrevoked and unexpired license therefor in his or her possession and issued by the city clerk.

(b) The governing body may waive the license requirements of this section for any person, firm or corporation exempt from the payment of a license fee under section 5-207(d).
(Code 1999)

5-203. SAME; APPLICATION REQUIRED. Before the city clerk may issue any license required by this article, he or she shall require a sworn application in writing prepared in duplicate on a form to be supplied by the city clerk which shall give the following information:

- (a) Name and description of applicant;
- (b) Permanent home address and full local address of applicant;
- (c) Identification of applicant including drivers license number, date of birth, expiration date of license and description of applicant;
- (d) Identification of vehicle used by applicant including license therefor used by applicant in conducting his or her business;
- (e) A brief description of the nature of the business to be carried on or the goods to be sold and the length of time such applicant has been engaged in the business;
- (f) If employed, the name and address of the employer, together with credentials establishing such relationship, including the authority by the employer authorizing the applicant to represent the employer in conducting business;
- (g) The length of time which business is proposed to be carried on;
- (h) The place where services are to be performed or where the goods or property proposed to be sold or orders taken for the sale thereof are manufactured or produced, where such goods or products are located at the time the application is filed, and the proposed method of delivery;
- (i) A photograph of the applicant, taken within 90 days prior to the date of making application which picture shall be at least two inches by two inches showing the head and shoulders of the applicant in a clear and distinguishing manner; or in lieu thereof, the fingerprints of the applicant may be taken by the chief of police and filed with the application;
- (j) A statement as to whether or not the applicant has within two years prior to the date of the application been convicted of any crime, misdemeanor (other than minor traffic violations) or violation of any municipal law regulating peddlers, solicitors or canvassers and giving the nature of the offenses, the punishment assessed therefor, if any, and the city and state where conviction occurred.
- (k) The applicant's Kansas Sales Tax number.

(Code 1999)

5-204. ISSUANCE; COUNTY RESIDENTS. (a) Except as provided in section 5-209, if the applicant is a current resident of Crawford County, Kansas, upon receipt of an application for a license and payment of the license fee, the city clerk shall issue the license. Such license shall contain the signature and seal of the issuing officer and shall show the name and address of the licensee, the date of issuance and length of time the license shall be operative, and the nature of the business involved. The city clerk shall keep a permanent record of all such licenses issued and submit a copy of such license to the chief of police. The licensee shall carry the license certificate at all times.

(b) If the applicant is not a current resident of Crawford County, Kansas, a license will not be issued until after investigation and payment of the investigation fee as provided in sections 5-205:206.

(Code 1999)

5-205. SAME; INVESTIGATION AND ISSUANCE; NON-COUNTY RESIDENT. (a) Upon receipt of the above application from an applicant who is not a current resident of Crawford County, Kansas, the city clerk shall refer the same to the chief of police who shall cause an investigation of the facts stated therein to be made within not to exceed five days.

(b) If as a result of the investigation, the applicant's character or business responsibility is found to be unsatisfactory or the facts stated therein to be untrue, the chief of police shall endorse on such application his or her findings and endorse his or her disapproval of the application and the reasons for the same and shall return the application to the city clerk who then shall notify the applicant that his or her application is disapproved and that no license will be issued.

(c) If however, the investigation of such application discloses that the character and business responsibility and the facts stated in the application are satisfactory and true, the chief of police shall endorse his or her findings and approval on the application and return the same to the city clerk who shall, upon payment of the license and investigation fees prescribed, issue a license to the applicant to engage in the business described in the application. Such license shall contain the signature and seal of the issuing officer and shall show the name and address of the licensee, the date of issuance and length of time the license shall be operative, and the nature of the business involved. The city clerk shall keep a permanent record of all such licenses issued and submit a copy of such license to the chief of police. The licensee shall carry the license certificate at all times. (Code 1999)

5-206. SAME; INVESTIGATION FEE. At the time of filing the application, a fee of \$0 shall be paid to the city clerk to cover the cost of investigation of the facts stated in the foregoing application. (Code 1999)

5-207. LICENSE FEE; TIME LIMITS; EXEMPTIONS. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), the fee for the license required pursuant to section 5-202 shall be in the amount of \$0 per each day, or portion thereof, that the licensee shall operate within the city limits. In no event, however, shall fees in excess of \$0 be collected from a licensee during any six-month period of time.

(b) Any such license granted upon application as required hereinabove shall be limited to and effective only on the days set out in the license. Solicitation or

sales by any peddler, solicitor or canvasser shall be conducted only between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m.

(c) Persons and firms not having a permanently established place of business in the city, but having a permanently established house-to-house or wholesale business shall receive a license as required by section 5-202 upon the payment of \$0 for any year, and may make solicitations or sales only between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m., or upon invitation at any hour.

(d) No license fee shall be required of: (1) any person selling products of the farm or orchard actually produced by the seller; (2) any businesses, trades or occupations which are part of fairs or celebrations sponsored by the city or any other governmental subdivision, or the state, or when part of all of the expenses of the fairs or celebrations are paid for by the city, any other governmental subdivision, or the state; and (3) any not-for-profit or charitable organization as determined by the governing body.

(K.S.A. 12-1617; Code 1999)

5-208. RENEWAL. All licenses issued shall be subject to renewal upon a showing of compliance with sections 5-202:203 of this article within a six month period prior to the renewal date. The city clerk need not require an additional application under section 5-203 or an additional investigation and investigation fee under sections 5-205:206 unless complaints have been received of violations of the conditions under which any license has heretofore been issued. The city clerk shall not renew or extend any license where there is satisfactory evidence of any grounds for the suspension or revocation of any prior license, and the applicant shall be required to apply for a license as in the case of an original license. (Code 1999)

5-209. DENIAL, REVOCATION OR SUSPENSION OF LICENSE; NOTICE. (a) The city clerk or chief of police may deny any application or may revoke or suspend for a period of not to exceed 30 days any license issued under this article, for any of the following causes:

(1) Fraud, misrepresentation or false statement contained in the application for license.

(2) Fraud, misrepresentation or false statement made in the course of carrying on the business.

(3) Any violation of this article.

(4) Conducting a business as defined in section 5-201 in an unlawful manner or in such a manner as to constitute a breach of the peace or to constitute a menace to the health, safety or general welfare of the city. Notice of the denial, revocation or suspension of a license shall be given in writing to the applicant or mailed to his or her last known address and the city clerk shall set forth the grounds of such denial, revocation or suspension.

(5) Conviction of the crime of theft, larceny, fraud, embezzlement or any felony within two years prior to the application date.

(Code 1999)

5-210. APPEAL TO GOVERNING BODY. (a) Any person aggrieved by the action of the chief of police or city clerk in the denial of an application or revocation or suspension of a license as provided in this article, shall have the right of appeal to the governing body.

(b) Such appeal shall be taken by filing with the city clerk within 14 days after notice of revocation, suspension or denial of the license has been given to or mailed to such applicant's last known address and setting forth the grounds for appeal.

(c) The governing body shall set a time and place for a hearing on such appeal and notice of such hearing shall be given to the applicant in the same manner as provided herein for notice of denial, revocation or suspension.

(d) The decision and order of the governing body on such appeal shall be final and conclusive.

(Code 1999)

5-211. REGULATIONS. (a) It shall be unlawful for any licensee to make false or fraudulent statements concerning the quality of nature of his or her goods, wares and merchandise for the purpose of inducing another to purchase the same.

(b) Licensees are required to exhibit their license at the request of any person to whom they attempt to sell their goods, wares and merchandise or take orders for future delivery of the same.

(Code 1999)

5-212. USE OF STREETS AND SIDEWALKS. Except when authorized in writing by the city clerk, no peddler, solicitor or canvasser or any other person shall have exclusive right to any location in the public streets for the purpose of selling or soliciting sales, nor shall any person be permitted a stationary location in the public streets, nor shall any person be permitted to operate in the sidewalks and streets within the fire limits of the city or any congested area where his or her operations might impede or inconvenience the public. (Code 1999)

5-213. DISTURBING THE PEACE. Except when authorized in writing by the city clerk, no licensee nor any person in his or her behalf, shall use any sound device, including any loud-speaking radio or sound-amplifying system upon any of the streets, alleys, parks or other public places of the city or upon any private premises in the city where sound of sufficient volume is emitted or produced therefrom to be capable of being plainly heard upon the streets, avenues, alleys, parks or other public places, for the purpose of attracting attention to any goods, wares or merchandise which such licensee proposes to sell. (Code 1999)

Penalties - see Ordinance # 511

ORDINANCE NO. 511

An Ordinance amending the City Code of the City of Cherokee, Kansas, 1999, to add a penalty for violating Chapter V, Article 2 of the Code of the City of Cherokee, Kansas (1999).

SOLICITORS, CANVASSERS, PEDDLERS ORDINANCE §§5-201 et seq. of Ordinance No. 463.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE CITY OF CHEROKEE, KANSAS:

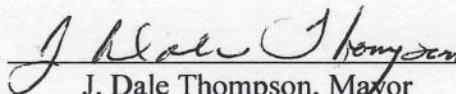
SECTION 1. The City Code of the City of Cherokee, 1999, be and it hereby is amended to add new § 5-214, PENALTIES, to read as follows:

PENALTIES. Any person, firm or corporation that violates any provision of Chapter V, Article 2 of the Code of the City of Cherokee, Kansas, shall upon conviction thereof, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$300.00 plus Court Costs for a first offense, and not more than \$500.00 plus Court Costs for a second or subsequent offense, and in default of payment of said fines and costs, to a term of imprisonment not to exceed 90 days. Each day that a violation of this ordinance continues or each section of this ordinance shall be found to have been violated shall be a separate offense. (Code 1999, Amended by Ordinance No. 511, 10/10/2012)


SECTION 2. This ordinance shall become effective following its passage and publication in the City's official newspaper.

PASSED AND APPROVED BY THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE CITY OF CHEROKEE, KANSAS, this 10th day of October, 2012.

(SEAL)


J. Dale Thompson, Mayor

ATTEST:


Ed Burns, City Clerk

Chapter 6 Elections

Article 1.....City Elections

Charter Ordinance # 2016-2 --Appointment, compensation &
Date of Appointment of City Officers

Charter Ordinance # 2016-3 -- Qualifications of Appointed
Officers

Charter Ordinance # 2016-1 -- Election of Officers

CHAPTER VI. ELECTIONS

Article 1. City Elections

ARTICLE 1. CITY ELECTIONS

- 6-101. CONDUCT OF ELECTION. The election of city officials shall be conducted in all respects as provided by the laws of Kansas governing the holding of city elections. (K.S.A. 25-2101 et seq.; Code 1999)
- 6-102. HOURS OF VOTING. At all city elections the polls shall be open at 7:00 a.m. and close at 7:00 p.m., unless different hours are set and publicly announced by the county election officer. (K.S.A. 25-2111, 26-206; Code 1999)
- 6-103. *Replaced by Charter Ordinance # 2016-1*
TIME OF HOLDING. On the first Tuesday in April, of every odd numbered year an election shall be held for the purpose of electing a mayor, and five councilmembers. (Code 1949, 5-101; Code 1999)
- 6-104. PLACE OF HOLDING. The place of holding elections shall be designated by ordinance. (Code 1949, 5-102)
- 6-105. SPECIAL ELECTIONS. Special elections may be called by resolution of the mayor and council, and subsequent proclamation of the mayor, in the manner and for the purpose authorized by statute. (Code 1949, 5-104)